

MAINTENANCE WORKFLOW FUNDAMENTALS





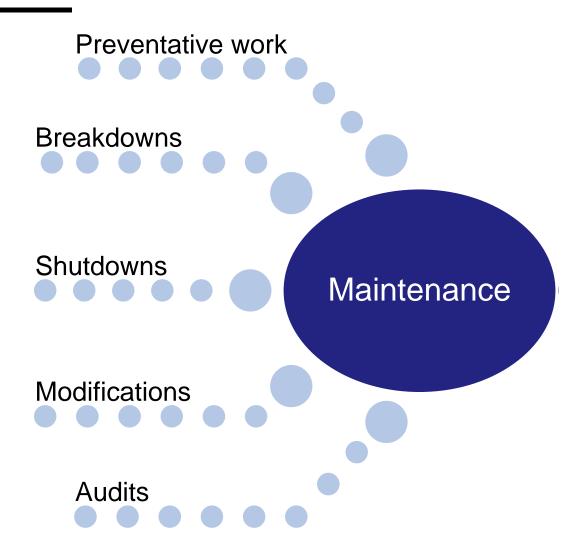
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Computerised Solutions
- 3. The People
- 4. The Equipment
- 5. Maintenance Workflow
- 6. Roles & Responsibilities
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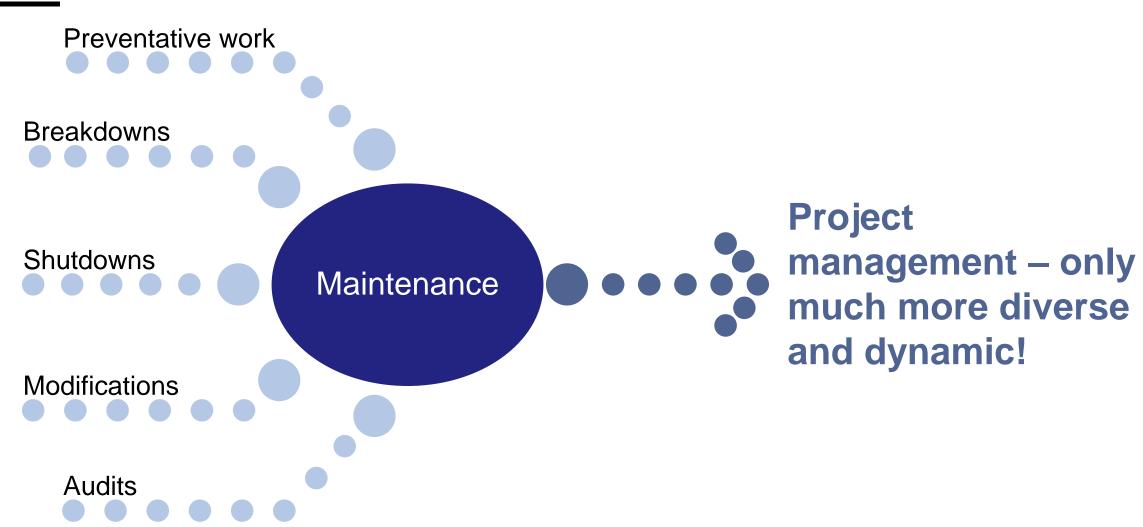
INTRODUCTION WHAT IS MAINTENANCE EXECUTION?





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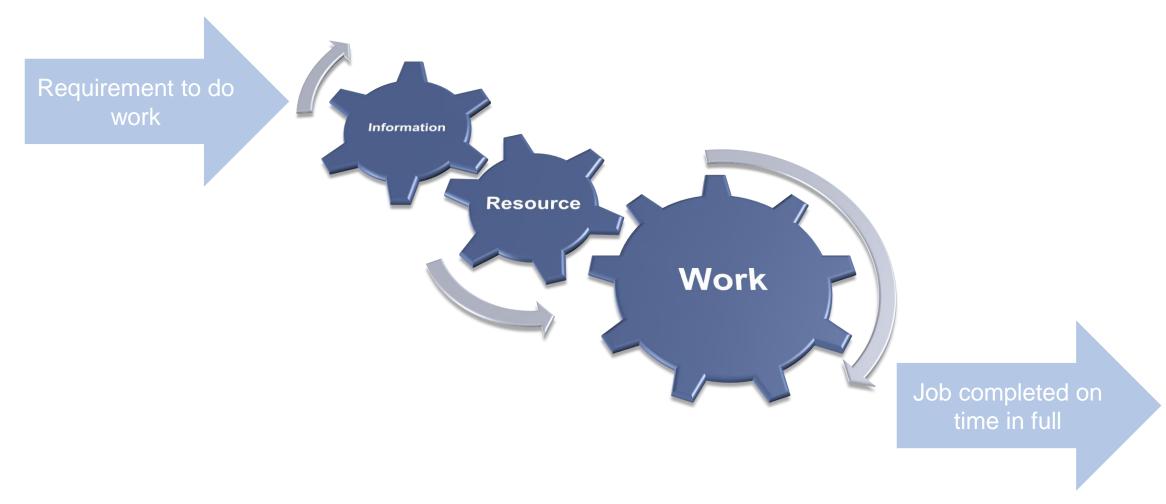




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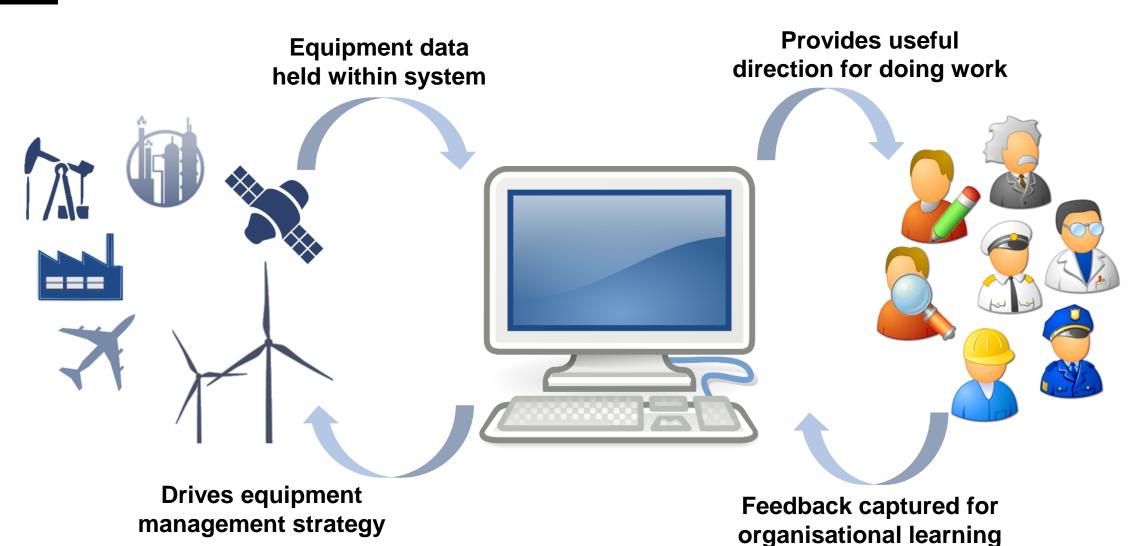
COMPUTERISED SOLUTIONS HOW THEY MAY BE PERCEIVED





COMPUTERISED SOLUTIONS WHAT GOOD LOOKS LIKE





COMPUTERISED SOLUTIONSBUT WITHOUT INTEGRATION...



Equipment data held within system

Provides useful direction for doing work



Drives equipment management strategy

Feedback captured for organisational learning



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THE PEOPLE STAKEHOLDERS NEEDS



The people who are personally invested in the performance of the system, and have some power over what the system is



ORGANISATIONAL MANAGEMENT – Need to know that all required work is identified and is being carried out effectively



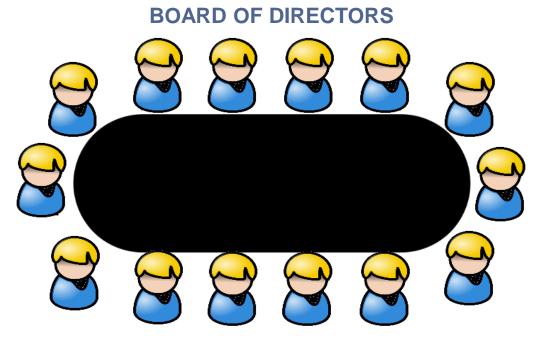
ACCOUNTS/FINANCE – Financial resources are being efficiently deployed, expenditure meets expected budgets



AUDITORS – Assurance of compliance with systems and standards. Internal and third party.



REGULATORS – Ensuring the protection of the public and the environment via compliance with regulation



Are investor interests, both legal and financial, being met?

THE PEOPLE STAKEHOLDERS NEEDS



Different people within the organisation have different needs



to know work is identified and is being interest of the control of



ACCOUNTS/FINANCE – Financial resources are being efficiently deployed, expenditure meets expected budgets



AUDITOP Compliance with systems a party.



REGULATORS – Ensuring the protection of the public and the environment via compliance with regulation

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Succinct reporting

Are investor interests, both legal and financial, being met?

THE PEOPLE CONSTITUENT NEEDS



The people who have to work within the system every day, but have no major influence over what the system is



PLANT MANAGEMENT – Are we meeting our objectives?



MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT – What work do I have in front of me?



ENGINEERING – Are the assets performing as expected?



SUPERVISION – What performance standards does this work need to meet?



TECHNICIANS – How do I do this job I have been assigned?

THE PEOPLE IDENTIFYING NEEDS



Stakeholder &		Inte	rest		
constituent needs analysis	Safety, Health & Environment	Quality	Delivery	Cost	Fulfilment
Site director	Critical maintenance tasks	Maintenance tasks delivering	Maintenance tasks delivered	Maintenance being delivered	Accurate monthly KPI dashboard to be
	completed on time in full	required performance	within expected timeframes	within budget	generated - not interested in source
Plant manager	Which tasks are critical	What are the performance	Maintenance tasks delivered	Spend to date within period	Critical tasks flagged in system
	Work is being executed	standards	within expected timeframes	Forecast to end of period	Safety & performance standards referenced in
	according to safety standards				work instructions
					Estimates of work durations
					Current spend
					Estimated future spend
Maintenance manager	Which tasks are critical	Inputs to meet performance	What jobs do I need to do	Work completed within	Critical tasks flagged in system
	Inputs to meet safety	standards	first?	current period	Safety & performance standards are complete
	standards		Resource availability	Work outstanding to end of	Workload prioritisation
				period	Resource schedule
				Arising work rate	Completion reports
					Backlog reports
					Ability to identify different types of work
Technician	What safety precautions do I	What performance standards	How long should this job	How much material should I	Safety procedure and preventative measures
recinician	need to take?	do I need to meet, and how	take?		listed
	need to take!	do I meet them?	What needs to be in place	be using?	Technical specifications, parameters and
		do i meet them?	•		
			before I start?		settings Tack duration actimate
					Task duration estimate Materials requirements

BUILDING OUR SYSTEM



Equipment data held within system

Provides useful direction for doing work



Drives equipment management strategy

Feedback captured for organisational learning

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THE EQUIPMENT HAVE YOU CONSIDERED?



- Why is the equipment there?
- Who is interested in its performance?
- What are its characteristics?
- Where did we get it from?
- How long has it been installed?
- Do we need to carry spares?
- What maintenance does it need?
- What other equipment or systems is it associated with?
- > What do you need to know? Where do you store this critical information?

THE EQUIPMENT STANDARDISE EQUIPMENT DATA



	Organisational data
Unique identifier:	
Description:	
Site:	
Plant:	
Section:	
Location:	
	Maintenance data
Work centre:	
Planner group:	
Maintainable item:	
	Manufacturer data
Model:	
Serial No.:	
Year of manufacture:	
	Equipment data
Equipment type:	
Characteristic classes:	
Criticality:	
Installation date:	
BOM reference:	

Ensure data consistency within the system using forms

- Automated upload forms
- Procedural control

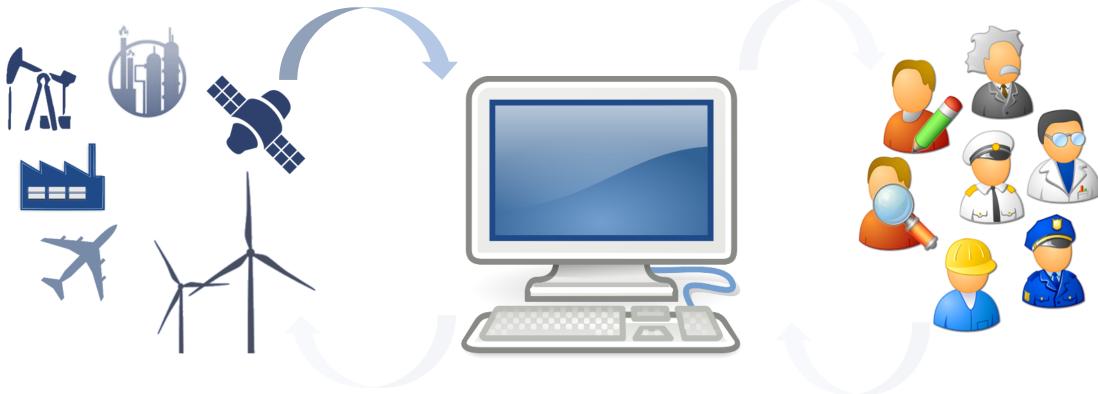
Match metadata mandatory fields to stakeholder and constituent needs

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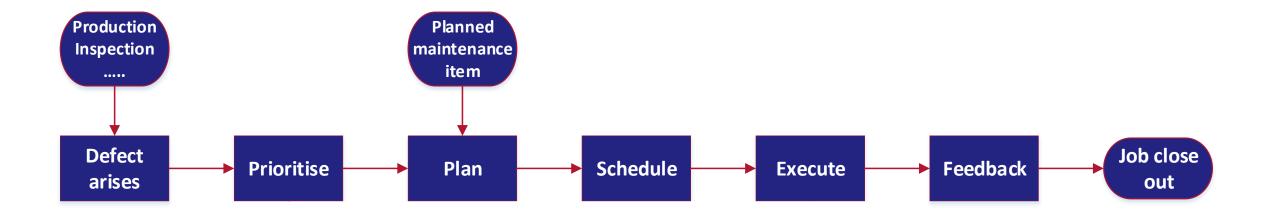
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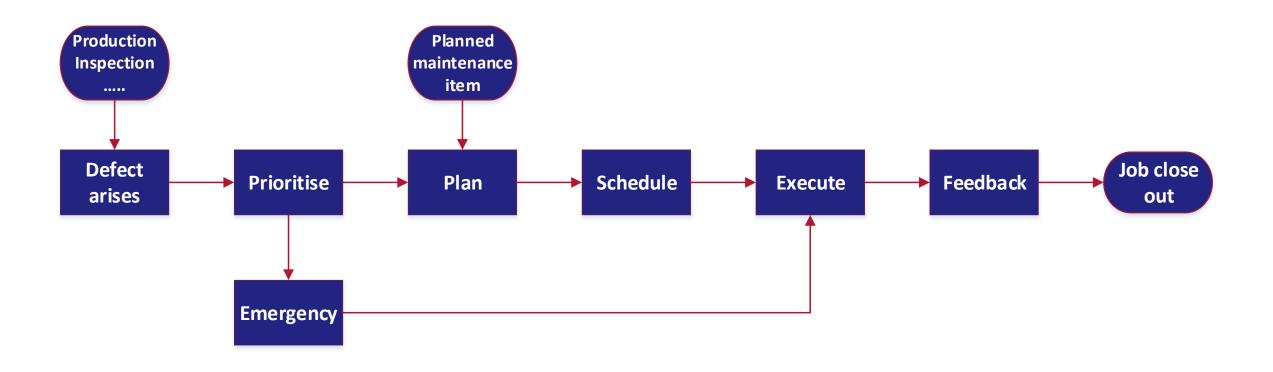
THE BASIC WORKFLOW PROCESS WORK EXECUTION





THE BASIC WORKFLOW PROCESS WORK EXECUTION





THE BASIC WORKFLOW PROCESS PRIORITISE – TASK IMPORTANCE



Consequence

Safety	Environment	Production
Unacceptable risk of injury	Release of hazardous fluids outside of containment	Plant shut down
Safety concern - short term risk mitigation in place	Release of hazardous fluids within secondary containment	Plant rate impaired > 0%, <50%
Safety concern - long term risk mitigation in place	Release of hazardous fluids – mitigation in place	Plant rate impaired > 50%, < 100%

High	Emergency	Emergency
Medium	High	High
Low	Medium	Medium
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Planning horizon

Emergency – immediate response

High – as soon as practically possible

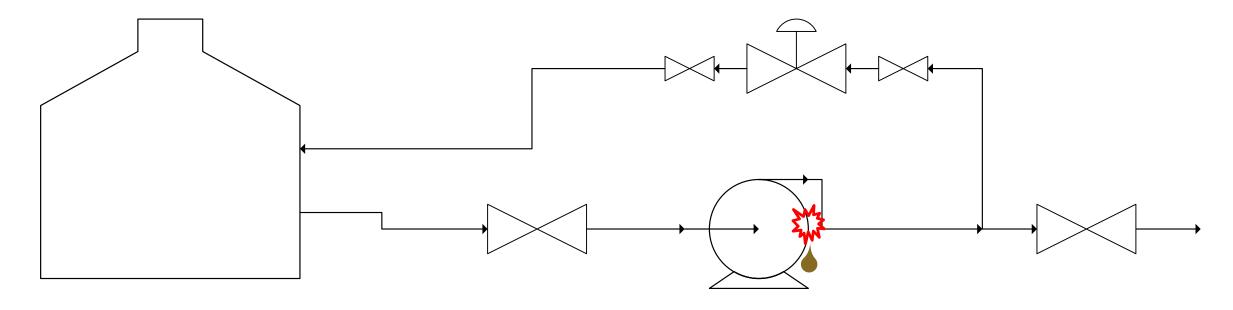
Medium – plan two to four weeks

Low – longer term planning, manage backlog

Impact horizon (days)



PRIORITISATION EXAMPLE



Export pump has developed a seal leak:

In bund, on hard standing

Hazardous fluid – toxic, non-flammable

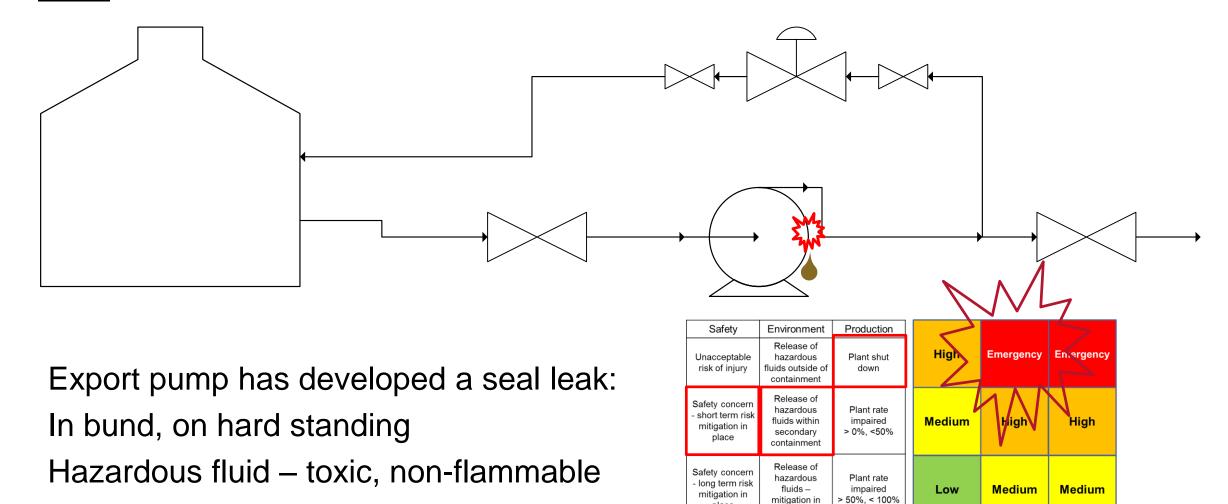
Single pump, main process supply



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PRIORITISATION EXAMPLE

Single pump, main process supply



place

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THE BASIC WORKFLOW PROCESS PLAN



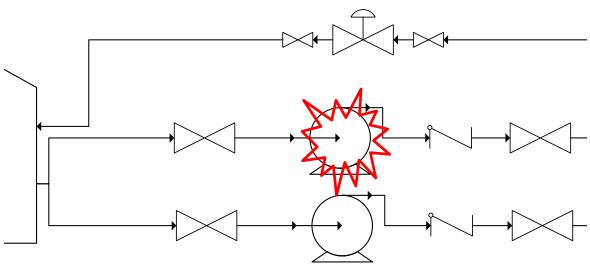
- The identification of everything that is required to complete a task
 - Labour & skills
 - Equipment
 - Materials
 - Time
 - Preparations & isolations
- Sometimes referred to as job stepping



Computers don't plan, people do!

THE BASIC WORKFLOW PROCESS JOB STEPPING EXAMPLE





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JOD	step	ping

- 1. Walk through major steps to complete task
- Identify tooling, equipment and materials for each step
- 3. Estimate time to complete each step
- 4. Identify who will do each step

Step	Tools/eq.	Materials	Time	Who
Isolate & drain	Wheel dog	Lock set	30	Process tech
Fit spades	Standard	Spades	60	Maintenance tech
Withdraw spare pump	Forklift	Pump	30	Maintenance Co- ordinator
Remove pump	Crane	N/A	30	Maintenance tech
Land new pump	Crane	Gaskets & bolts	30	Maintenance tech
Align pump	Rotalign	N/A	30	Maintenance tech
Remove spades	Standard	Gaskets	30	Maintenance tech
Put into hot standby	Wheel dog	N/A	15	Process tech
Send pump for repair	Forklift	N/A	N/A	Maintenance Co- ordinator

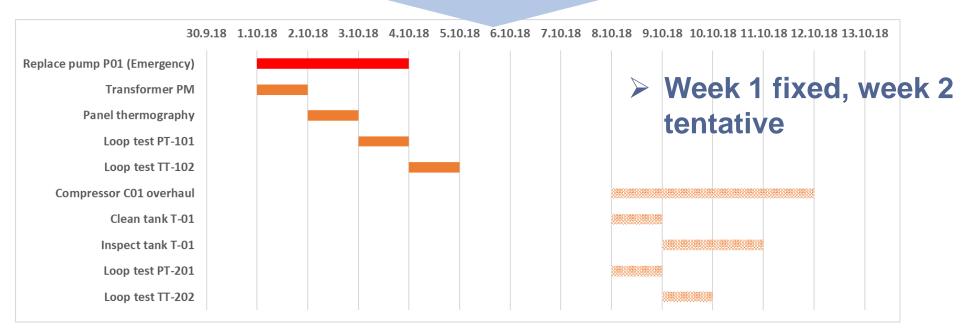
The best planners:

- Walk the job
- > Seek input from others

THE BASIC WORKFLOW PROCESS SCHEDULE



Priority
Labour
Tools & equipment
Materials
Procedures & permits



THE BASIC WORKFLOW PROCESS EXECUTE



If everything is planned and prepped – the day of the job should go smoothly...

- All preparations made before the tradesmen arrive
- All materials in place and correct
- All tools and work equipment available and in good working order
- All risk assessments completed and actions closed out
- All performance standards agreed and communicated



> Things can, and will, still go wrong. Good supervision are alert, astute trouble shooters and quick to raise the flag if needed

BUILDING OUR SYSTEM



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THE BASIC WORKFLOW PROCESS FEEDBACK



Log any findings Record hours Close job and materials Update Save records resource plan Adjust work instructions

Every job is an opportunity to learn, encourage feedback from the team

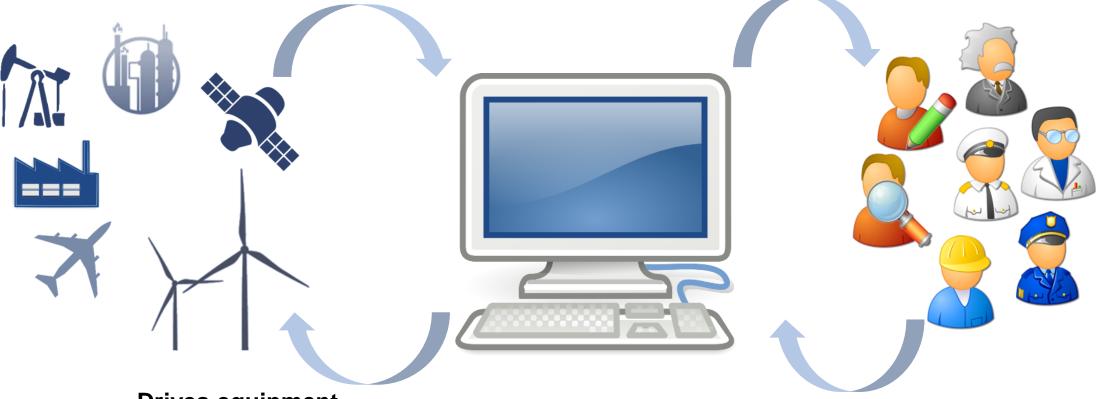
- Formalising the feedback process helps ensure quality data capture
- > Review oddball and complex tasks
- Feedback includes the full process starting from when the defect was identified

COMPLETING OUR SYSTEM



Equipment data held within system

Provides useful direction for doing work

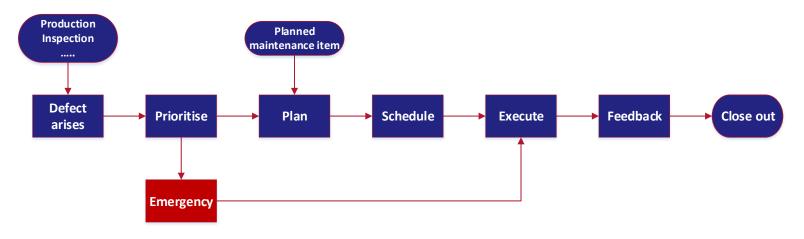


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THE BASIC WORKFLOW PROCESS EMERGENCY WORK





URGENT ≠ "DO WHATEVER IT TAKES"

Emergency work should follow the same basic process....

....but skips scheduling, to do ASAP

➢ If you have a high proportion of reactive work – "plan" for it in the short term but work to eliminate it



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ROLESWHO DOES WHAT?



We've already discussed organisational complexity, this will have a bearing on the roles required?

- Planner? Scheduler? Planner-scheduler?
- Tradesman-planner?
- Supervisor-planner?
- Maintenance manager-scheduler?

Any combination of the above?



What is the most important is that the responsibilities are covered

ROLESWHO DOES WHAT?



We've already discussed organisational complexity, this will have a bearing on the roles required?

- Planner? Scheduler? Planner-scheduler?
- Tradesman-planner?
- Supervisor-planner?
- Maintenance manager-scheduler?

Any combination of the above?



> Beware of giving one person too many hats!

ROLES RACI MATRIX



Responsible – person who does the task

Accountable – person who bears ultimate accountability – ensures responsible person is:

- Assigned
- Has the skills & training
- Has the time
- Has the necessary tools

Consulted – person who either should or shall be consulted regarding doing the task

Informed – person who must be informed of the outcome

ROLESRACI MATRIX EXAMPLE



	Prioritisation Planning												Scheduling										Execution												Feedback																	
Task Job title	Create work notification	Assign priority according to available info	n - emergency?	edure	arising from maintenance	naintenance	Review priority in morning meeting	1	Select priority lobs for planning	Decision - deliver in house?	Decision - work procedure exists?	anning task to tec	Arrange contractors	Prepare isolation procedures / safe system of work	Job stepping	Identify materials required	Identify equipment required	Decision - materials & equipment available?	Assemble job kit	Inform maintenance co-ordinator task ready to schedule	Order materials and equipment	Decision - job ready for scheduling?	Expedite job requirements	Provide production schedule	Provide 2-week manpower plan	available planned jobs	Confirm tasks ready to schedule for week 1	e equipment for week 2		2 jobs	Create week 1 permit requests	Prepare permits	Issue schedule	equipment as	Confirm preparations and place isolations	Issue permit		ion / point of work risk assessment		naintenance task	Decision - able to meet quality requirements & timescale:	Inform maintenance co-ordinator of problem	Hand back to production - sign off permit	Assess impact on week 1 plan, decide way forward	Inform maintenance co-ordinator task complete	-		ager of improvement opportunity		Provide schedule compilance report Review improvement onnortunities	Select improvement opportunities for further work	Execute improvements
Senior production technician	R	R	R	R	ı	1 1			ı				1	С	С	С	С										С	С	1	ı		С	ı		С	ı				С				ı			С				Ī	R
Production technician	R	R	1		ı	1 1	1		ı				ı	С	С	С	С										С	С	ı	I		С	ı	R	С	ı				С				ı			С	İ			1	R
Maintenance technician		С	1		R	R	1		1		С	1	ı	С	R	R	R	R	R	R	ı	ı	ı				С	С	1	1	С	С	ı	R	С	С	₹ 1	R	R	R	R	R	R	ı	R	С	R	R			1	R
Production manager	Α	Α	Α	Α	ı	I F	R F	R 1	R	1			ı	Α								ı		R	1	R	С		R	R		Α	ı	А	,	Δ .				ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı		ı		R	I R	R R	R R
Maintenance manager	ı	ı	ı		Α .	A F	R F	R F	R R	R	R	R	Α	С	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	ı	R	R	Α	Α	R	R	A	ı	Α			,	Α ,	Α .	Α .	A	ı	ı	ı	Α	1 .	A	A	A	1	R R	R R	R R
Maintenance Co- ordinator	ı	ı	1		ı	1 (c (: 0	C R	С	С	С	R	С	С	С	С	ı	ı	ı	R	R	R	ı	1	R	R	R	R	R	R	ı	R	С	ı	ı				c .	А	Α	Α	R	А	R	С		ı	I R	R R	R R
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Site leader	Ι	Ι	Ι		ı	I A	Α Α	A A	A A	А	Α	Α												Α	Α	Α			Α	Α			Τ					1						I					A .	A A	A A	Α



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Define your "why"

- Identify value drivers
- Stakeholder analysis

Explore solutions

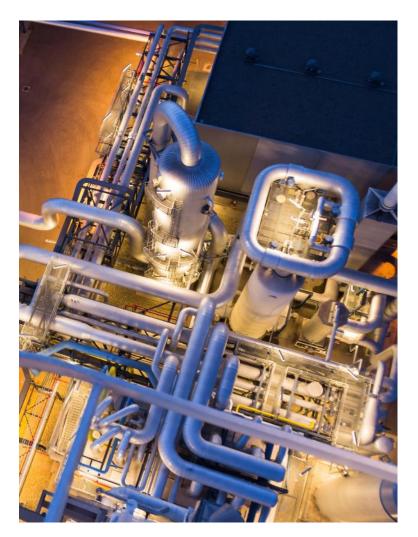
- Current system vs. solutions on the market
- Market trends vs. organizational strategy

Manage the change

- Maintain focus on value drivers
- Communications plan for stakeholders

Make sustainable

- Develop written procedures
- Stewardship, audit and continuous improvement



IMPLEMENTATION CASE STUDY





- Small chemical manufacturer part of a global group
- CMMS installed, however
 - Only one trained user
 - Reactive work not logged
 - No planned maintenance (regulatory compliance only)

The solution

- Developed maintenance workflow process in line with organisation and requirements
- Assigned roles and responsibilities
- Delivered training program for targeted roles

The benefit

- "No job without a notification"
- "Two week" planning cycle
- Developing maintenance program





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SUMMARY



We have:

- Explored our challenges
- Discussed computerised systems
- Looked at the people and the equipment
- Proposed a basic workflow for maintenance execution
- Defined the roles involved
- Acknowledged that a model for implementation is required
- > Any questions?



THANK YOU FOR JOINING THIS PRESENTATION.

