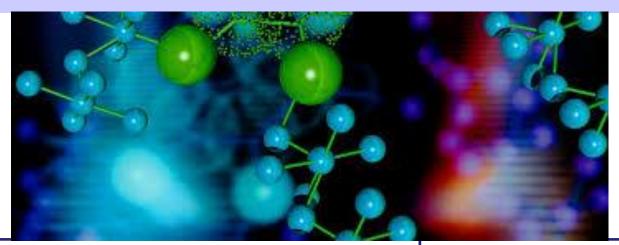




Use Efficiency – A design paradigm for Green Innovations

NEPIC: Bioresources Conference, Sep. 22nd, 2016, Durham, UK

Dr. Anil Kumar – Tata Chemicals Limited



TATA CHEMICALS LIMITED



Innovation Centre, Tata Chemicals Ltd, Pune, India

Warm Autumn Greetings and Welcome

To

NEPIC Bioresources Conference Organizers

Members of NEPIC

Friends

Season of mists and mellow fruitfulness,
Close bosom-friend of the maturing sun;
Conspiring with him how to load and bless

- Ode to Autumn , John Keats



Context: Indians born in recent times will consume 13x more than their grandparents



| Metric | Born in 1960 | Born in 2009 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Life Expectancy (years) | 42 | 64 |
| Per capita consumption at birth | \$241 | \$802 |
| Per capita consumption at death | \$531 | \$6,190 |
| Lifetime Consumption | \$14,645 13x | \$184,898 |

Growth in Multiple End Use Industries











Note: All figures in constant 2010 US\$ with a fixed 2010 exchange rate; Key assumptions: population growth flattens post-2050 and 3% GDP growth post-2020 Source: World Bank, United Nations Dataset



Cast of Characters



Renewables (Industrial Symbiosis) - Through Synergy

- Natural crop protection agents

Use Efficiency

(Overarching Design Paradigm)

(Renewables – Industrial Symbiosis

.

Low Carbon technologies)



Renewables (Industrial Symbiosis) – Waste to Value – Novel Nanomaterials



- Nutraceutical Formulations

Low Carbon technologies - Multi-functional materials

- Fuel cell





Synergy leading to use efficiency

- Tea Crop loss due to pests is around 30 to 40% annually
- Coffea arabica is on the verge of extinction in India due to white stem borer
- Promote ecological agriculture (Rain Forest Alliance)
- NPM in tea & coffee production in India.
- Gradually eliminate the use of chemical pesticides
- Develop commercially viable portfolio of bio-pesticides for tea



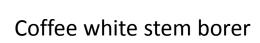


Red Spider mite
Oligonychus coffeae



Tea mosquito bug







Chemistry Inside

Biomimetic Chemistry:

- (A) Multiple targeting Develop a mix of actives targeting different enzymes (biochemical pathways) in the pest
- (B) Mix of anti-feedants, inhibition of larval ecdysis & repellents
- (C) Formulation (Adjuvant formulation) to stabilize the actives
- (D) Principles of vrksayurveda, to enhance plant defence

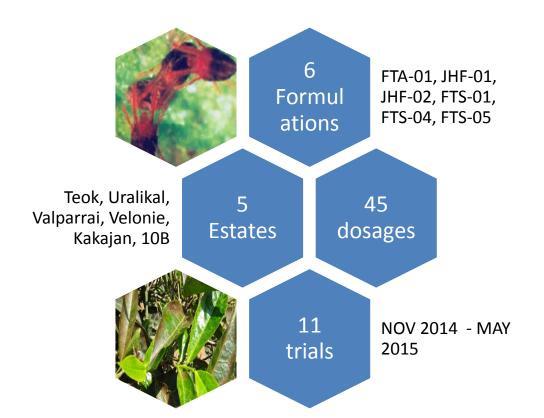


IC formulation, NA-01@1700ml/ha has recorded about 50% reduction of red spider mite incidence in comparison with UTC at 7 days interval.





Synopsis of trials for RSM

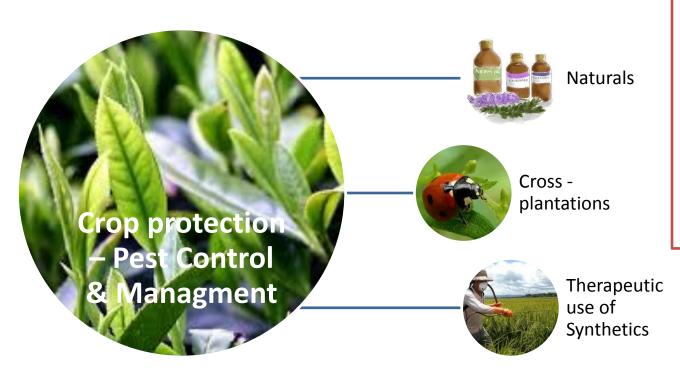


| PLANTATION | FTS -01 highest bio-efficacy for RSM | Remarks |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| KDHP | 72.2% | 7 days after 2 nd Spray |
| TATA COFFEE (Annamalais) | 85.5% | 10 days after 3 rd spray |
| APPL | 68.6% | 10 days after 2 nd spray |

Multi-locational trials demonstrate that NA – 01 displays a definite biopesticidal action on Red Spider Mites



Combination of - (i) cross plantations (with host plants for natural predators), (ii) using Naturals & once in a while (iii)therapeutic use of synthetics is recommended

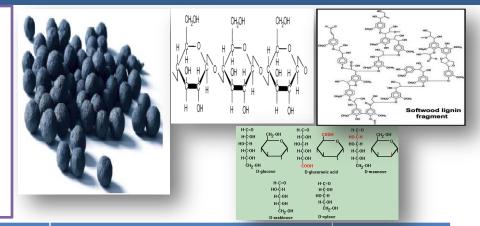


A fundamental shift to a total systems approach for crop protection is urgently needed to resolve escalating economic and environmental consequences of combating Agricultural pests



Tata Group Co-development – Alternate cost effective materials

- ❖ Tata Steel processes 15,000 18,000 tons/day of iron ore for pelletization
- Present bentonite binder is 0.4 % w.r.t iron ore (required 40-60 Tons/day)
- Currently acceptable level of impurities is 2 to 2.1 % of Si & Al
- ❖ Na Bentonite consists of silica and alumia (SiO₂ 66.7%, Al₂O₃ 28.3%, H₂O 5%)



| Sr.No | Organic binder | Source | Backbone unit | Cost Kg/Rs. |
|-------|------------------------|--|---|----------------|
| 1 | Chitin | crabs, lobsters, shrimps and insects. | Glucosamine | 200-300 |
| 2 | Groundnut shell powder | Groundnut shell | Cellulose (35%), Hemicellulose (18%) Lignin | 7-10 |
| 3 | NaCMC | Wood constituents, Cotton fiber | Glucose | 80-100 |
| 4 | S-free Lignin | Wood constituents, paper & pulp industry | Coniferyl alcohol, Sinapyl alcohol, p-Coumaryl alcohol units | 30-40 |
| 5 | Gum Karaya | dried exudates of the sterculia urens tree (limited) | D-galactose,L-rhamnose, D-glucoronic acid and D-galacturonic acid | 200-300 |

Alternate binder option are being explored to reduce impurities such as Na, Si, Al, S & P due to depleting ore quality



Groundnut Shell Powder is a good substitute (in parts) for bentonite

| Exp. No | Bentoni te % | CMC % | GRN % | Lignin % | GCS Kg/pellet | DCS Kg/Pellet (>2.5Kg/pellet) | °C | t min | CCS Kg/pellet | RI (>65%) | TDI (<28%) |
|------------|-----------------|----------|----------|-------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|------|----------|------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Α | 0.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.67 | 6.93 | 1300 | 7 | 307.07 | 85.82 | 18.2 |
| В | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 1.47 | 3.22 | 1300 | 7 | 291.43 | 83.58 | 19.2 |
| С | 0.3 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 1.86 | 5.41 | 1300 | 7 | 333.99 | 82.84 | 14 |
| D | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 1.63 | 4.01 | 1300 | 7 | 297.52 | 82.84 | 14.8 |
| E | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.61 | 2.66 | 1300 | 7 | 237.61 | ND | ND |
| F | 0.2 | 0 | 0.2 | 0 | 1.5 | 3.74 | 1300 | 7 | 310.22 | 87.31 | 15 |
| G | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 1.54 | 3.37 | 1300 | 7 | 299.7 | 85.82 | 15.4 |
| Н | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | ND | ND | | | ND | ND | ND |
| ı | 0.1 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 1.52 | 2.68 | 1300 | 7 | 329.32 | 76.87 | 15.2 |
| J | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 1.69 | 2.52 | 1300 | 7 | 324.27 | 79.11 | 21.6 |
| K | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 0 | 1.55 | 2.84 | 1300 | 7 | 284.75 | 82.09 | 15.2 |
| L | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.87 | 2.26 | 1300 | 7 | 279.27 | 86.57 | 8.8 |
| M | 0.2 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.63 | 3.58 | 1300 | 7 | 346.47 | 82.84 | 16.8 |



India
cultivates
about 7.74
million
hectares and
produces 7.61
million tonnes
of groundnut
pa (1.9 million
tonnes pa of
shell)

GRNS emerged as a path-breaking discovery because of naturally occurring in-built cellulose and lignin with minimal non-desirous elements



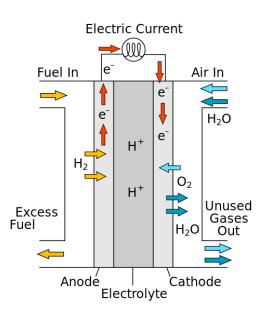
Multi-functional materials – An innovative approach to develop cost efficient FC

Advantages

- The most efficient way of converting energy Fuel to Electricity
- Efficiencies: ~ 40 60% as standalone systems & up to 90% as part of a CHP system
- Zero emissions at point of use with clean fuels.
 - Emissions are a major driver. Indian cities are some of the most polluted globally
- Excellent NVH characteristics
 - Will become increasingly important when electricity is needed domestically or when used in urban or sub-urban areas
- Greater reliability, longer life and lower maintenance than ICE gen-sets

Technology Challenges

- Cost: Gradually falling costs so new markets becoming commercially viable
 - Substantial grants & incentives to support development and to drive adoption
- Reliable Sub System, use of hydrogen problematic and alternative fuels expensive or difficult & form factor





Multi-functional materials – A two-in-one catalyst for PEM Fuel cell

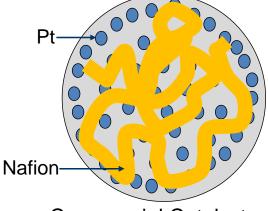
Electrode catalyst

- Reduce Pt content
- Increase efficiency and durability
- Minimize CO poisoning
- Replace Nafion

Objectives

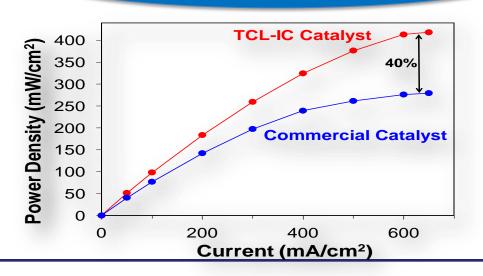
Membrane

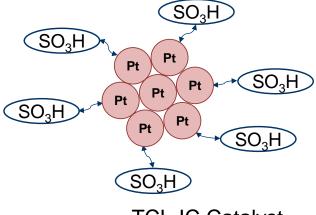
- Replace Nafion
- Increase efficiency and durability
- Cost reduction
- High temperature operation



Commercial Catalyst

Significant cost reduction of MEA and stack – viable for commercialization





TCL-IC Catalyst

TATA CHEMICALS LIMITED



Significant cost reduction due to reduced catalyst (Pt) loading

Highly monodisperse Pt NPs coated with –SO₃H groups

Transparent mixed oxides containing –SO₃H groups

TCL-IC MEA

- –SO₃H groups act as proton conductor
- Protects Pt NPs from agglomeration and deactivation
- Low or zero Nafion content as binder in electrode
- 25% reduction in Pt content compared to commercial catalysts
- Higher durability, efficiency and consistency than commercial Pt/C catalysts

- –SO₃H groups act as proton conductor
- Negligible methanol crossover
- Operates at both low (<80 °C) and high (120 °C) temperatures
- Complete replacement of Nafion
- Higher thermal stability, mechanical strength and proton conductivity, than commercial membranes

 Combined cost reduction due to improved performance, Pt content and Nafion would be ≥30%

Stabilised GTE - Goodness of Green Tea in Beverages & Fruit Drinks

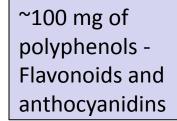


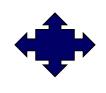
Improving bioavailability & stability – More from Less

Growing Consumer Awareness on Green Tea health benefits (anti-ageing & good for T2D)

Anti-Oxidant Property

1.2-1.5 g Green Tea Leaves for 100 ml Tea Serving





~200 mg Vitamin` C or ~500 mg Vitamin E

TRIGGERS

Increasing category
awareness

Soothing & Convenient
Gentle format

Wellness Easy to
on the rise digest

Detox Weight
Control

Positive
WOM

BARRIERS

Low availability

Low social Low on relevance promotions

Taste



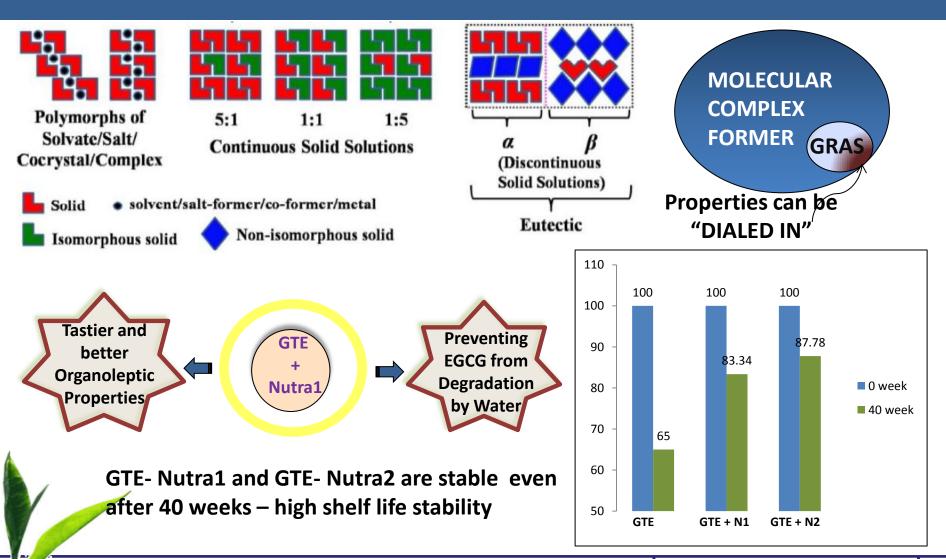
Green Tea Polyphenols are fastest growing in Tea Market at 8.3 % CAGR between 2013-2020

TATA CHEMICALS LIMITED

Stabilised EGCG - Goodness of Green Tea in Beverages & Fruit Drinks



Chemistry Inside – Less energy intensive process steps

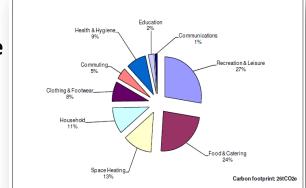




Time is an important resource, there is a direct correlation of time with carbon emissions

➤ Carbon dioxide emissions (CO2), metric tons of CO2 per capita is **1.6987 MT** for India (2011) or **4.65 Kg of CO₂e per day**, while it is **9.66 MT or 26.45 Kg of CO₂e per day** for UK, and **17 MT** or **46.5 Kg of CO₂e per day** for US

Carbon footprint of an average UK household is 26 tCO₂e



- Combined carbon footprint is approximately 10 tons
 CO₂e per household per year, that is about 32 Kgs of CO₂e per day
- ➤ Therefore, every day added leads to : **32 Kgs of CO₂e**, apart from the emissions that would arise due to work (factory, laboratory & office space)
- > Therefore it is critical that shortest path to discovery be taken



Time is an important resource, that needs to be given adequate attention

| Industry | Idea to Market | Reference | |
|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| Automotive | 3-4 years | PwC's Strategy& | |
| Pharmaceuticals | 10-15 years | <u>Licensing Intelligence for</u> <u>Boehringer Ingelheim</u> | |
| Biotech Synthetic Biology | Approx 16 Years 7.4 years | "Biotech Crop Development" by Monsanto Lux research | |
| Chemical Product line extension New product launch | 2-7 years 8–19 years | <u>McKinsey</u> | |
| Electronics | 1-3 years | Book: Managing Projects in | |
| IT Software | 1-2 years | Research and Development | |
| FMCG average | 15-22 months | <u>BCG</u> | |

Time has to be factored while assessing the "green chemistry" aspects of a process.

E-factor = total waste (kg) / product (kg) * weighted average of time spent.
Plausible Solutions:

Teams should be given Multiple projects in parallel, with a good mix of Short, Mid & Long

Term

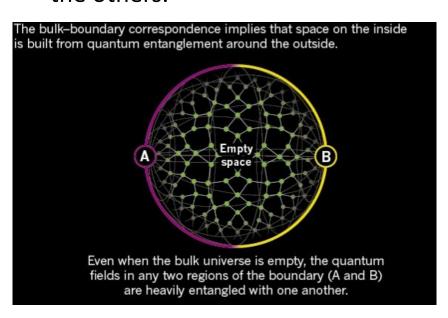
Shortest path to goal has to be given attention



Key Message – Systems view of Life

Truly sustainable development is based on the recognition that we are an inseparable part of the web of life, of human and nonhuman communities, and that enhancing the dignity and sustainability of any one of them will enhance all the others.

- Fritjof Capra & Pier Luigi Luisi



A thing is right when it enhances the stability and beauty of total ecosystem. It is wrong when it damages it. The sustainability of a larger system comes first. Everything else must fit itself within that frame.

Quantum source of space and time - Nature Volume:527, Pages:290–293, November 2015, doi:10.1038/527290a



My Closing Message

The best place to look for a helping hand...

...is at the end of your arm



Thank You